# Student Diabetes Action Card

Student's Name	Grade	Date
Homeroom Teacher	Section	
Parent/Guardian's Name		
Address		
Phone # Home	Work	
Emergency Contact Person		
Phone # Home	Work	
Physician Treating Student for Diabetes		Phone #
Family Physician if different		Phone #

## Hypoglycemia (Low Blood Sugar)

Never send a child with suspected low blood sugar anywhere alone.

### Causes of Hypoglycemia

- Too much insulin
- Missed/delayed food

Sudden

Onset

- Too much/too intense exercise
- Unscheduled exercise

**Symptoms** 

Please circle the child's usual symptoms:

Mild	Mod	lerate	Severe
Hunger Drowsiness	Headache	Blurry Vision	Loss of Consciousness
Shakiness Personality Change	Weakness	Behavior Change	Seizure
Weakness Cannot Concentrate	Confusion	Slurred Speech	Inability to Swallow
Paleness Sweating	Poor Coordination		
Irritability Anxiety			
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### **Actions Needed**

Notify School Nurse. If possible, check blood sugar. When in doubt, always TREAT FOR HYPOGLYCEMIA.

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Mild	Moderate	Severe
Student can treat self	Student needs assistance	Don't give anything by
Provide quick sugar source	Provide quick sugar source	mouth.
3-4 Sugar tabs	3-4 Sugar tabs	Position on side
4 oz. Juice	4 oz. Juice	Administer Glucagon
Wait 10-15 minutes	Wait 10-15 minutes	as ordered.
Recheck blood glucose	Recheck blood glucose	Have someone call an
Repeat sugar source if	Repeat sugar source if	Ambulance.
Blood glucose less than	Blood glucose less than	Contact parent/guardian
Follow with a snack of	Follow with a snack of	Stay with student.
Carbohydrate and protein.	Carbohydrate and protein.	
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## Hyperglycemia (High Blood Sugar)

#### Causes of Hyperglycemia

#### **Onset**

- Too much food
- Too little insulin
- Decreased activity

Over time- several hours or days

- Illness/infection
- Stress

Symptoms

Please circle the child's usual symptoms:

Mild	Moderate	Severe
Thirst	Mild symptoms plus:	Mild and moderate
Frequent urination	Dry mouth	symptoms plus:
Fatigue/sleepiness	Nausea	Labored breathing
Increased hunger	Stomach cramps	Very weak
Blurred vision	Vomiting	Confused
Weight loss	Other:	Unconscious
Stomach pains		
Flushing of skin		
Lack of concentration		
Sweet fruity breath		
Other :		
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#### **Actions Needed**

- Allow free use of the bathroom
- Encourage child to drink water or sugar-free drinks.
- Contact the school nurse to check blood sugar.
- Follow the child's Diabetic Medical Management Plan.
- If student is nauseous, vomiting, or lethargic, call Parent/guardian.

### This Student Diabetes Action Plan Has Been Approved By:

Signature of Licensed Prescriber	Date	
Signature of Parent/Guardian	Date	